


**Consumer Confidence Report
Certification Form**
(To be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

Water System Name: City of Cloverdale

Water System Number: 4910002

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on June 30, 2014 (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the California Department of Public Health.

Certified by: Name: Alan W. Hodge
Signature: 
Title: Senior Water Treatment Plant Op.
Phone Number: (707) 894-1781 Date: 9/25/14

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- ☐ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods (attach description of other direct delivery methods used).
- ☒ CCR was distributed using electronic delivery methods described in the Guidance for Electronic Delivery of the Consumer Confidence Report (water systems utilizing electronic delivery methods must complete the second page).
- ☐ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:
 - ☒ Posting the CCR at the following URL: www.cloverdale.net/DocumentCenter/View/1596
 - ☐ Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
 - ☐ Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)
 - ☒ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published). Cloverdale Reveille
 - ☒ Posted the CCR in public places: City Hall, Chamber of Commerce, Library
 - ☐ Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
 - ☒ Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
 - ☐ Publication of the CCR in the electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
 - ☐ Electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of social media outlets utilized)
 - ☐ Other (attach a list of other methods used)
- ☐ For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following URL: www.
- ☐ For privately-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

Consumer Confidence Report Electronic Delivery Certification

Water systems utilizing electronic distribution methods for CCR delivery must complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate.

- ☒ Water system mailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available website where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the mailed CCR notification). URL: [www. www.cloverdale.net/DocumentCenter/View/1596](http://www.cloverdale.net/DocumentCenter/View/1596)
- ☐ Water system emailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available site on the Internet where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the emailed CCR notification). URL: [www. _____](http://www.)
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR as an electronic file email attachment.
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR text and tables inserted or embedded into the body of an email, not as an attachment (attach a copy of the emailed CCR).
- ☐ Requires prior CDPH review and approval. Water system utilized other electronic delivery method that meets the direct delivery requirement.

Provide a brief description of the water system's electronic delivery procedures and include how the water system ensures delivery to customers unable to receive electronic delivery.

The 2013 Water Quality Consumer Confidence Report is now available. Please visit the City of

Cloverdale's Website at <http://www.cloverdale.net/DocumentCenter/View/1596> to view the

2013 Water Quality Consumer Confidence Report or stop by City Hall, Chamber of Commerce,

or the Cloverdale Public Library to pick up a copy. This report contains information about the

source and quality of your drinking water. If you would like a copy mailed to you, please call

894-1722 or email your request to cscott@ci.cloverdale.c.us

This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c), California Code of Regulations.

City of Cloverdale 2013 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: City of Cloverdale

Report Date: June 2014

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2013 and may include earlier monitoring data.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: Wells, ground water under the influence of surface water

Name & location of source(s): Well #3, Well #4, Well #6, Well #7, Well #8 and Well #11 all located near the water treatment plant at 490 E. First Street, Cloverdale, Ca. 95425

Drinking Water Source Assessment Information: Is available at City hall (124 North Cloverdale Blvd), and the Water Treatment Plant (490 East First Street). Please call the number listed below for more information.

Time and place of regularly scheduled board meetings for public participation: 2nd and 4th Wednesday of each month at the Cloverdale Performing Arts Center, City Council Meetings.

For more information, contact: Alan Hodge, Sr. Water Plant Operator Phone: (707)894-1781

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Variances and Exemptions: Department permission to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.

N/A, n/a: Not Applicable

ND: not detectable at testing limit

ppm: parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

ppb: parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

ppt: parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

ppq: parts per quadrillion or picogram per liter (pg/L)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the California Department of Public Health prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Department regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The Department allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

TABLE 1 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA

Microbiological Contaminants (complete if bacteria detected)	Highest No. of Detections	No. of months in violation	MCL	MCL G	Typical Source of Bacteria
Total Coliform Bacteria	0	0	More than 1 sample in a month with a detection	(0)	Naturally present in the environment
Fecal Coliform or <i>E. coli</i>	0	0	A routine sample and a repeat sample detect total coliform and either sample also detects fecal coliform or <i>E. coli</i>	(0)	Human and animal fecal waste

TABLE 2 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER

Lead and Copper	Sample Date	No. of samples collected	90 th percentile level detected	No. sites exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Source of Contaminant
Lead (ppb)	9/18/13	20	<0.005	0	15	0.2	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits
Copper (ppm)	9/18/13	20	0.250	0	1.3	0.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

TABLE 3 – SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MC LG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Sodium (ppm)	March & August 2013	7.5	6.9 - 8.1	none	none	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (ppm)	March & August 2013	123.0	133 - 134	none	none	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

*Any violation of an MCL or AL is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

TABLE 4 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant
Gross Alpha Particle Activity (pciL)	Dec. 2007 Aug. 2013	1.46	-0.58 – 1.46	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits
Barium (ppm)	Mar. 2013	110.0	110.0	1,000	2,000	Discharge or oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	Mar. 2013	.0125	0.11 - .014	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nitrate (as nitrate, NO ₃) (ppm)	Mar. 2013	2.375	2.0 – 3.0	45	45	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Qrtly in 2013	17.3	13.88–20.73	80	N/A	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHMs (Total Trihalomethanes) (ppb)	Qrtly in 2013	7.28	6.08 – 8.48	60	N/A	By-product of drinking water disinfection

TABLE 5 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Chloride (ppb)	Mar. 2013	6.45	6.4 – 6.5	500	None	Run off/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Specific Conductance (µS/cm)	Mar. 2013	305	280 – 330	1,600	None	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence
Sulfate (ppm)	Mar. 2013	19	19	500	None	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	Mar. 2013	185	170 – 200	1,000	None	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Turbidity (NTU Units)	Mar. 2013	0.305	0.12 – 0.49	5	None	Soil runoff

TABLE 6 – DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Health Effects Language
None					

*Any violation of an MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead-Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Cloverdale Water Dept. is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

VIOLATION OF A MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, OR MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENT				
Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language
None				

For Water Systems Providing Ground Water as a Source of Drinking Water

**TABLE 7 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING
FECAL INDICATOR-POSITIVE GROUND WATER SOURCE SAMPLES**

Microbiological Contaminants (complete if fecal-indicator detected)	Total No. of Detections	Sample Dates	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant
<i>E. coli</i>	None	N/A	0	(0)	Human and animal fecal waste
Enterococci	None	N/A	TT	n/a	Human and animal fecal waste
Coliphage	None	N/A	TT	n/a	Human and animal fecal waste

Summary Information for Fecal Indicator-Positive Ground Water Source Samples, Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies, or Ground Water TT

SPECIAL NOTICE OF FECAL INDICATOR-POSITIVE GROUND WATER SOURCE SAMPLE: None				
SPECIAL NOTICE FOR UNCORRECTED SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES: None				
VIOLATION OF GROUND WATER TT: None				
TT Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language
None				

For Water Systems Providing Ground Water as a Source of Drinking Water

TABLE 8 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING TREATMENT OF SURFACE WATER SOURCES

Treatment Technique ^(a) (Type of approved filtration technology used)	Alternative; Adsorption Clarifier & Multi-media polishing filtration
Turbidity Performance Standards ^(b) (that must be met through the water treatment process)	Turbidity of the filtered water must: 1 – Be less than or equal to 0.20 NTU in 95% of measurements in a month. 2 – Not exceed 1.0 NTU for more than eight consecutive hours. 3 – Not exceed 5.0 NTU at any time.
Lowest monthly percentage of samples that met Turbidity Performance Standard No. 1.	100%
Highest single turbidity measurement during the year	0.52
Number of violations of any surface water treatment requirements	None

(a) A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

(b) Turbidity (measured in NTU) is a measurement of the cloudiness of water and is a good indicator of water quality and filtration performance. Turbidity results which meet performance standards are considered to be in compliance with filtration requirements.

* Any violation of a TT is marked with an asterisk. Additional information regarding the violation is provided below.

Summary Information for Violation of a Surface Water TT

VIOLATION OF A SURFACE WATER TT				
TT Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language
None				

Summary Information for Operating Under a Variance or Exemption

N/A



IMPORTANT MESSAGE

THE CITY OF CLOVERDALE WATER DEPARTMENT 2013 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE WATER QUALITY REPORT IS NOW AVAILABLE

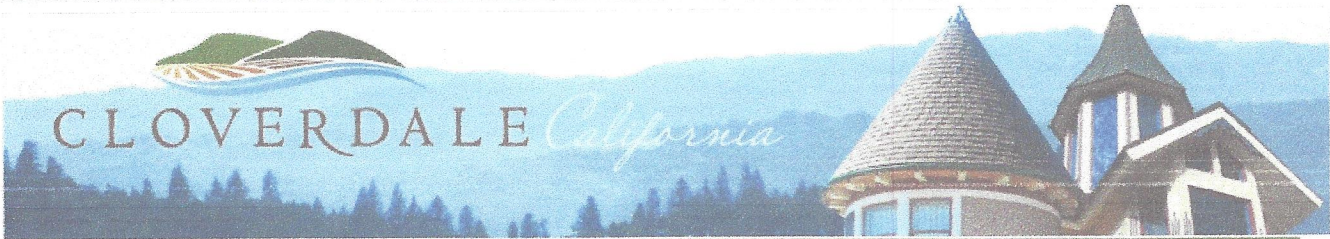
Please go to <http://www.cloverdale.net/DocumentCenter/View/1596> to view your 2013 Consumer Confidence Report and learn more about your drinking water. You must have Adobe Acrobat Reader installed on your computer to read the report. This report contains information about the source and quality of your drinking water. If you would like a paper copy of the 2013 Consumer Confidence Report mailed to you, please call (707) 894-1781 or email customerservice@ci.cloverdale.ca.us. Copies are also available at City Hall.

LA CIUDAD DE CLOVERDALE DEPARTAMENTO DEL AGUA 2013 CONFIANZA DEL CONSUMIDOR INFORME SOBRE LA CALIDAD DEL AGUA ESTÁ AHORA DISPONIBLE

Por favor visite <http://www.cloverdale.net/DocumentCenter/View/1596> para que revise El Reporte Anual de Calidad de agua y aprenda información importante acerca de su agua potable. Para acceder a esta página debe tener Adobe Acrobat Reader instalado en su computadora. Este reporte contiene información importante sobre el origen y la calidad de su agua potable. Si usted desea una copia por escrito del El Reporte Anual de Calidad de agua 2013 por correo, por favor llame al (707) 894-1781 o por correo electrónico escriba a customerservice@ci.cloverdale.ca.us. Las copias están disponibles en el Ayuntamiento de la Ciudad.

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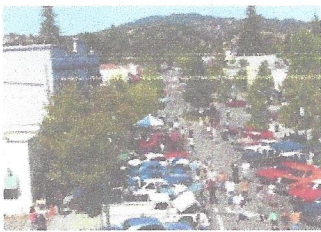
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Welcome to Cloverdale!

Cloverdale offers the ideal location—work and relax away from the rush of the big city! Our City is an attractive community surrounded by oak-studded, rolling hills and offers incredible recreational and cultural opportunities with a small-town ambience...

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FIND IT FAST

- [2013 Water Quality Consumer Confidence Report](#)
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- [City of Cloverdale Route 68 Map and Schedule](#)
- [Cloverdale Market Opportunities](#)
- [Home Occupation Permit Application](#)
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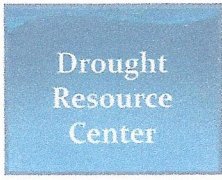
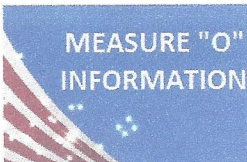
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HEAR IT THROUGH THE GRAPEVINE

- Cash For Grass Comes to Cloverdale!**
The City of Cloverdale is offering its water customers an incentive to replace their thirsty lawns with water-efficient landscaping. More information...
- Carryout Bag Reduction Ordinance Adopted - Information for Residents**
Additional Info...
- Waste Reduction Program for Carryout Bags Ordinance Adopted - Important Information for Businesses**
Additional Info...
- Press Release - Utility Users Tax (UUT)**
Cloverdale City Council Places Local Revenue Measure on November Ballot to Protect/Maintain Local Services
- Draft Housing Element & Checklists - Available Now**
Additional Info...
- Change in Planning & Front Counter Hours - Effective 6/23/14**
Read on...
- Stage 2 Watering Restrictions Announced**
- Housing Workshop Presentation - Spanish**
Additional Info...
- Housing Workshop Presentation - English**
Additional Info...
- City of Cloverdale Funding Priorities and Fiscal Stability**
Additional Info...

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SPOTLIGHT ON:



Pay Dog License Fees Here

Cloverdale City Hall
124 N. Cloverdale Blvd.
Cloverdale, CA 95425
Phone: 707.894.2521
Fax: 707.894.3451
Hours: M-Th, 8a-5p

GENUINELY CLOVERDALE

Sanoma County

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City of Cloverdale 2013 Water Quality Consumer Confidence Report

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The City of Cloverdale provides very high quality drinking water to the residents and businesses in our community. As in previous years, and as shown in the 2013 Consumer Confidence Report on drinking water quality, statistical analysis shows that Cloverdale supplies drinking water that surpasses the Federal Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA's) Safe Drinking Water Standards.

To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, USEPA and the State of California Department of Public Health (DPH) set these standards limiting the amounts of contaminants in water supplied by public water systems. DPH regulations also establish limits of contaminants in bottled water to assure the same level of public health protection.

The City tests a long list of constituents for drinking water quality in order to comply with all State and Federal regulations. The tables in the report give you the results of constituents that yield detectable levels. Drinking water is routinely sampled and monitored for Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) which is the highest level allowed for a specific contaminant. The City is pleased to report that Cloverdale's drinking water meets all treatment standards, and in fact, the levels are significantly lower than those allowed under EPA and DPH standards.

The City is fortunate in that its groundwater sources are of a naturally high quality. In addition to the natural filtration through the river gravels, the City is one of the few public water systems along the Russian river to add additional thorough treatment processes including clarification, filtration and disinfection at its state-of-the-art treatment plant. The City's water is, therefore, of extremely high quality. After treatment, drinking water is delivered through an extensive 40 mile water distribution system to its customers.

NO. 883
NOTICE OF PETITION TO
ADMINISTER ESTATE OF JOHN HASHA
CASE NO. CVPB '1426284

To all heirs, beneficiaries, creditors, contingent creditors, and persons who may otherwise be interested in the will or estate, or both of the decedent named JOHN HASHA.

A Petition for Probate has been filed by Geraldine Ditlevson in the Superior Court of California, County of Mendocino.

The Petition for Probate requests that Geraldine Ditlevson be appointed as personal representative to administer the estate of the decedent.

The Petition requests the decedent's will and codicils, if any, be admitted to probate. The will and any codicils are available for examination in the file kept by the court.

The Petition requests authority to administer the estate under the Independent Administration of Estates Act. (This authority will allow the personal representative to take many actions without obtaining court approval. Before taking certain very important actions, however, the personal representative will be required to give notice to interested persons unless they have waived notice or consented to the proposed action.) The independent administration authority will be granted unless an interested person files an objection to the petition and shows good cause why the court should not grant the authority.

A hearing on the petition will be held in this court as follows: on July 25, 2014 at 9:30 a.m. Dept. G at 100 N. State St., Room 107, Ukiah, CA 95482. If you object to the granting of the petition, you should appear at the hearing and state your objections or file written objections with the court before the hearing. Your appearance may be in person or by your attorney.

If you are a creditor or a contingent creditor of the decedent, you must file your claim with the court and mail a copy to the personal representative appointed by the court within the later of either (1) four months from the date of the first issuance of letters to a general personal representative, as defined in section 58(b) of the California Probate Code, or (2) 60 days from the date of mailing or personal delivery to you of a notice under section 9052 of the California Probate Code. Other California statutes and legal authority may affect your rights as a creditor. You may want to consult with an attorney knowledgeable in California law.

You may examine the file kept by the court. If you are a person interested in the estate, you may file with the court a Request for Special Notice (form DE-154) of the filing of an inventory and appraisal of estate assets or of any petition or account as in Probate Code section 1250. A Request for Special Notice form is available from the court clerk.

Filed: Jan 23, 2014

Attorney for petitioner, Geraldine Ditlevson, 95 King Circle, Cloverdale, CA 95425.

PUBLISH: June 19, 2014, July 9, 2014

Cloverdale Reveille

2013 CCR Public Notice

NO. 899

City of Cloverdale 2013 Water Quality Consumer Confidence Report

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PUBLISH: July 3, 2014
Cloverdale Reveille

Public Notice Continued

NO. 900
NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

CITY OF CLOVERDALE PLANNING COMMISSION

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the City of Cloverdale Planning Commission will hold a public hearing on Wednesday, July 16, 2014 at or after 6:30 p.m. in the Cloverdale Performing Arts Center, 209 North Cloverdale Blvd., Cloverdale, California, for the purpose of considering and making a recommendation to the City Council on the revised Zoning Ordinance and related CEQA Exemption. An additional public hearing will be held by the City Council at a future date pursuant to subsequent notice.

Project Description: Consideration and possible action on the revised Zoning Ordinance to include: new language to address state laws for homemade food, reasonable accommodations, second residential units, transitional and supportive housing, and density bonus provisions; modified standards for signs, outdoor seating, home occupations; new language to address smoke shops and smoking lounges; and adding findings for amending the Zoning Ordinance, Zoning Map and General Plan. No revisions to the Zoning Map or zoning of particular properties are proposed. The adoption of the revised Zoning Ordinance is consistent with the General Plan and State Law and has no potential of causing a significant effect on the environment, as most changes are definitional and administrative in nature. The project does not involve physical modification of any site contained on any list enumerated under Government Code section 65962.5, including but not limited to lists of hazardous waste facilities or land designated as hazardous waste property.

Environmental Categorically Exempt: Section 15061(b)(3) (General Exemption) of the CEQA Assessment: Guidelines

The draft documents are available at the Cloverdale Community Development Department, address below and on the City website at www.cloverdale.com. A staff report will be available at least 72 hours in advance of the meeting. Written comments can be sent to: Karen Massey, Assistant City Manager/Community Development Director, Cloverdale Community Development Department, 124 N. Cloverdale Blvd., Cloverdale, CA 95425, kmassey@ci.cloverdale.ca.us

Karen Massey, Assistant City Manager/Community Development Director
City of Cloverdale

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